

## Cross-ministerial Strategic Innovation Promotion Program (SIP)/ Automated Driving for Universal Services/ Optimized Processing for Dynamic RoadInformation by V2X with Multi-Scale Architecture」

# FY 2019 Report

NTT DOCOMO, INC. Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd. Sumitomo Electric Industries, Ltd. Panasonic Corporation

March, 2020

### Background

#### Assumed problem

Automated driving vehicle could affect traffic flow

- In a complicated environment such as intersections, the blind spot of the vehicle's sensor will widen
- As a result, the vehicle will stop or drive slowly before intersections until safety inside intersections can be confirmed

### The goal of the R&D

To solve the problem mentioned above, help automated driving vehicle to

- ① Smoothly enter and pass through intersections
- **②** Change lanes or routes in advance before intersections

by collecting and integrating the target information in blind spots\* from multiple information sources (existing sensor, advanced sensor, etc.) and distribute to the vehicle.

In the range that cannot be recognized by the sensor of automated driving vehicles



### The aim of this program

In order to implement the above support, formulate

- communication method / common interface for collecting information from multiple information sources
- an draft index for integrating collected information
- an method for distributing collected information to the automated driving vehicle

### **Overview**

Collect and **integrate** dynamic information **from multiple sources as real-time traffic conditions**, and **distribute** only the required range of information **in a format that can be shared with the information on the automated vehicle side** (linking with dynamic maps is considered)

→Assists the automated vehicle to recognize the states of the object (position, attributes, etc) in non-line-of-sight(NLOS) and the out-of-range road situation



To support the smooth entry to and passage through intersections with complicated traffic environments, grasp traffic conditions inside and near intersections and distribute them to the vehicles

### Before

Due to obstacles such as surrounding buildings and vehicles, the sensor of automated driving vehicles **cannot recognize information in blind spots** 

 $\rightarrow$ Automated driving vehicle **could affect traffic flow** by stopping before intersections when entering it or staying inside intersections when passing through it

### After

Collect **the information out of sight of an automated driving vehicles** from

- other vehicles running around the intersection
- existing roadside infrastructure installed near the intersection

etc. and distribute it to vehicles before entering it

 $\rightarrow$ Support the smooth entry to and passage through intersections when there is congestion after turning right, the crossing or approaching of pedestrians / bicycles etc.  $\rightarrow$ Achieve smooth traffic flow



### Use Case In Mid-scale NW

**Continuously distribute the situation in front of the automated driving vehicle** (for several blocks) as information for supporting advance lane change and route change of the vehicles



### Output

### **Collecting and integrating information from multiple sources**

- Standardize interfaces such as format of collected data and protocol between each information source and server in Small-scale NW, and between each NW in Small-scale NW/ Mid-scale NW
- Considering and organizing the conditions for integrating information, and formulating draft indexes <u>Distribution of information to automated driving vehicles</u>
- Formulate an information distribution method so that the information distributed from the NW side can be shared with the information on the vehicle side

# $\rightarrow$ Use the results of this R&D to standardize the collection and distribution interfaces and guideline integrated indexes



6

### System configuration proposed in the R&D (Small-scale NW)

- Acquisition and integration of information by multiple sensors is necessary to grasp traffic conditions inside intersections and in blind spots
- Utilize information from sensors on the infrastructure and that installed in vehicles. If necessary, a new sensor will be installed at an important point / location

 $\rightarrow$  Select the implementation method of extraction / integration processing of target information, and the communication method suitable for it. Verification is conducted by 2 methods.



**Private Communication:** Direct communication without using public communication base station (DSRC, LTE V2X(PC5), WiGig) Mobile Communication : Communication utilizing cellular network (5G+LTE)

## <u>"Small-scale NW" method ①Processing on the</u> rode side

Extract target information on the side of information sources, and integrate it in the edge server on road side \*Utilize private communication when collecting and distributing

\*Oki Electric Industry, Panasonic is responsible



## <u>"Small-scale NW" method 2 Processing at the center</u>

Distributing sensing information caught on the side of information sources directly to the edge server on NW side, then extract and integrate target information on the server side

(Some information is extracted at the information sources)



#### Main problem and points for solution (Small-scale NW) -Draft indexes for integrating the collected information-

- In Small-scale NW, **multiple sensors or different types of sensors** that could be information sources will be out of time or location
- That's why ①Seamless detection across the sensor detectable areas, ②Identical judgment of target information detected by different sensors, will be important
  - →Conduct R&D focused on the integration / identification technology



### System configuration proposed in this R&D (Mid-scale NW)

We propose the following configuration as a system that realizes the overall image of R&D

- In Mid-scale NW, introduce the method which allows to be connected from each Small-scale NW with common IFs (data formats / protocols) and to control information types collected and how often to collect from each Small-scale NW
- Distribute continuously, and frequently traffic conditions for several blocks in front of the vehicle so that it is processed easily on the both side of the destination vehicles



### Main problem and points for solution (Mid-scale NW)

- In Mid-scale NW, information collected from multiple Small-scale NW is processed, and distributed to vehicles
- In a series of processing above, this R&D especially focuses on the technology that appropriately grasps the location information of the destination vehicle, and variably distributes information, from the position of each vehicle

### Characteristics of the distribution technology in the "Mid-scale NW"



### Performance in FY2019

- Specific use case study and collaboration system study
- Arrangement of R&D preconditions and constraint conditions for evaluation and verification, and test environment design
- Individual hearings with related ministries, public agencies and the Japan Automobile Manufacturers Association, and Holding of R&D Steering Committee
  - $\rightarrow$ Getting opinions / advice on R&D from experts

### <u> Plan for FY2020</u>

- Build an environment for verification of actual equipments and proceed with verification by desktop studies / simulations by the first quarter of FY2020.
  Integrated demonstration is planned after verification.
- Continue Individual hearings and Holding of R&D Steering Committee
- Conduct comprehensive confirmation and evaluation the third quarter of FY2020 at latest