Cooperative Automated Driving in the U.S.

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Connectivity and Automation



Local transit shuttles, buses

Automated ride hailing

Long-haul trucking

Local package delivery

V2V Control (CACC, platooning)

I2V Traffic Management Advice (VSL, VSA)

V2V Safety Messages

Telematics (information only)

L2: Active Driving Assistance (Freeways)

L1: ACC, Lane Centering

L0: Collision Warning and Avoidance



U.S. Industry Status on Automation

- Spending \$ Billions per year in development
- Still seeking profitable business models
- Primarily technology companies, most partnered with vehicle manufacturers
- Consolidation of existing companies, and very little new investment now
- Emphasizing freight over passenger applications for first market opportunities



U.S. Public Sector Status on Automation

- Much lower funding than on industry side –
 \$ Millions rather than \$ Billions
- Some federal R&D on cross-cutting topics
- General policy guidance at federal level, but no regulations yet (political disagreements on regulatory approach)
- Diverse policies on deployment and regulations at state and local levels



Deployment Challenges for Automation

- Public attitudes fragmented and distorted by misinformation ("full self-driving")
- No consensus yet on "how safe is safe enough" nor on how to measure or evaluate safety
- Technology immaturity

 ODD limitations
- Lack of convincing "safety cases" and insufficient data to demonstrate safe performance
- Uncertainty based on lack of agreement on U.S. national regulatory approach