

SIP-adus Workshop Tokyo, virtual conference, Nov 9-10, 2021

Simulation toolchain for safety assurance with focus on automotive radar

1. Virtual verification and validation (V&V)
2. Simulation toolchain
3. Reference data for RCS of traffic objects
4. Conclusions

See also SIP-adus contribution from Dr. Frank Gruson, Continental



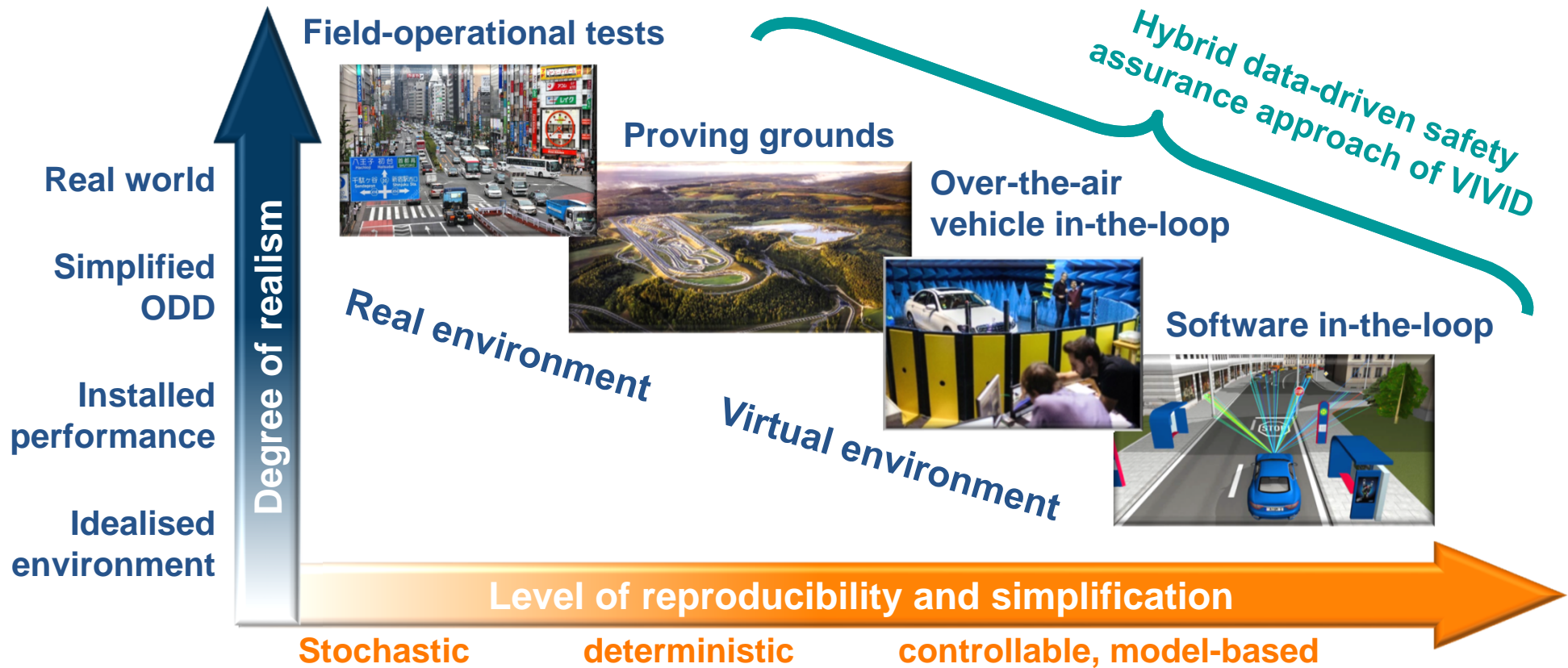
**SIP-adus
Workshop
2021**

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**VIVID – German Japan Joint Virtual
Validation Methodology for Intelligent
Driving Systems (16ME0164K)**



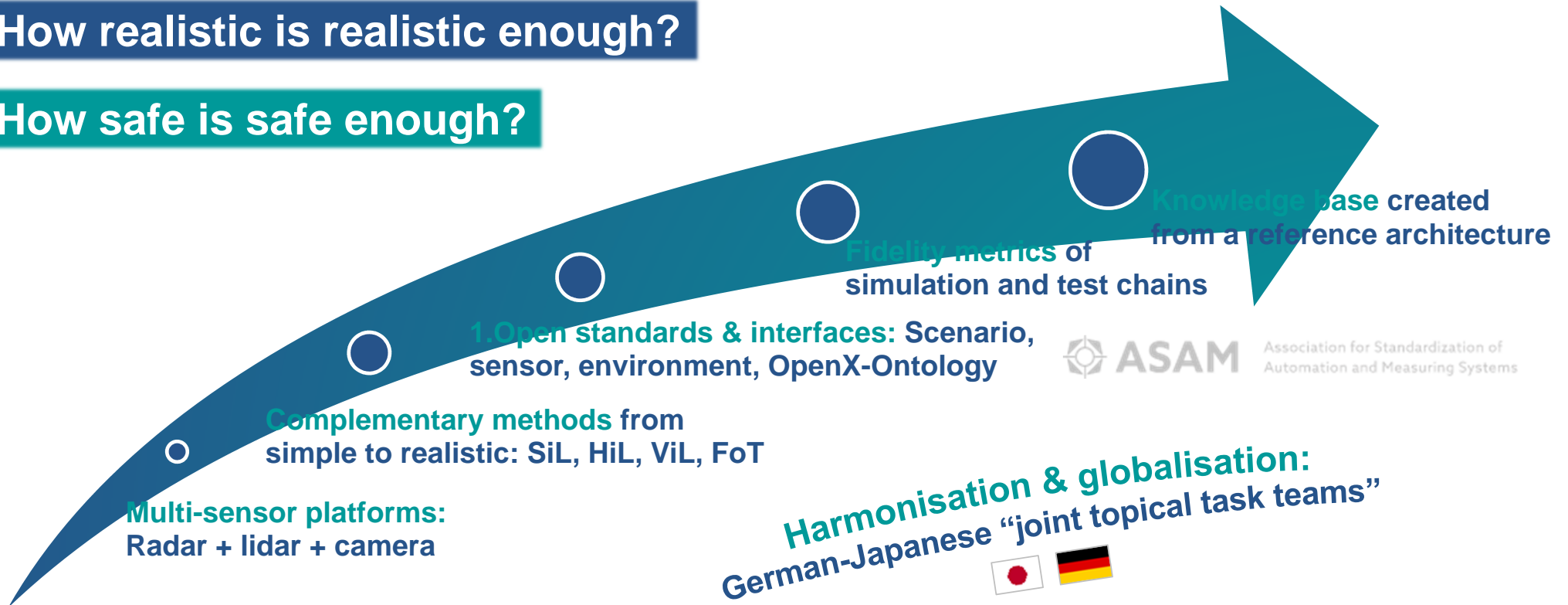
Methods and measurability of safety assurance



VIVID key objectives: Virtual V&V

How realistic is realistic enough?

How safe is safe enough?



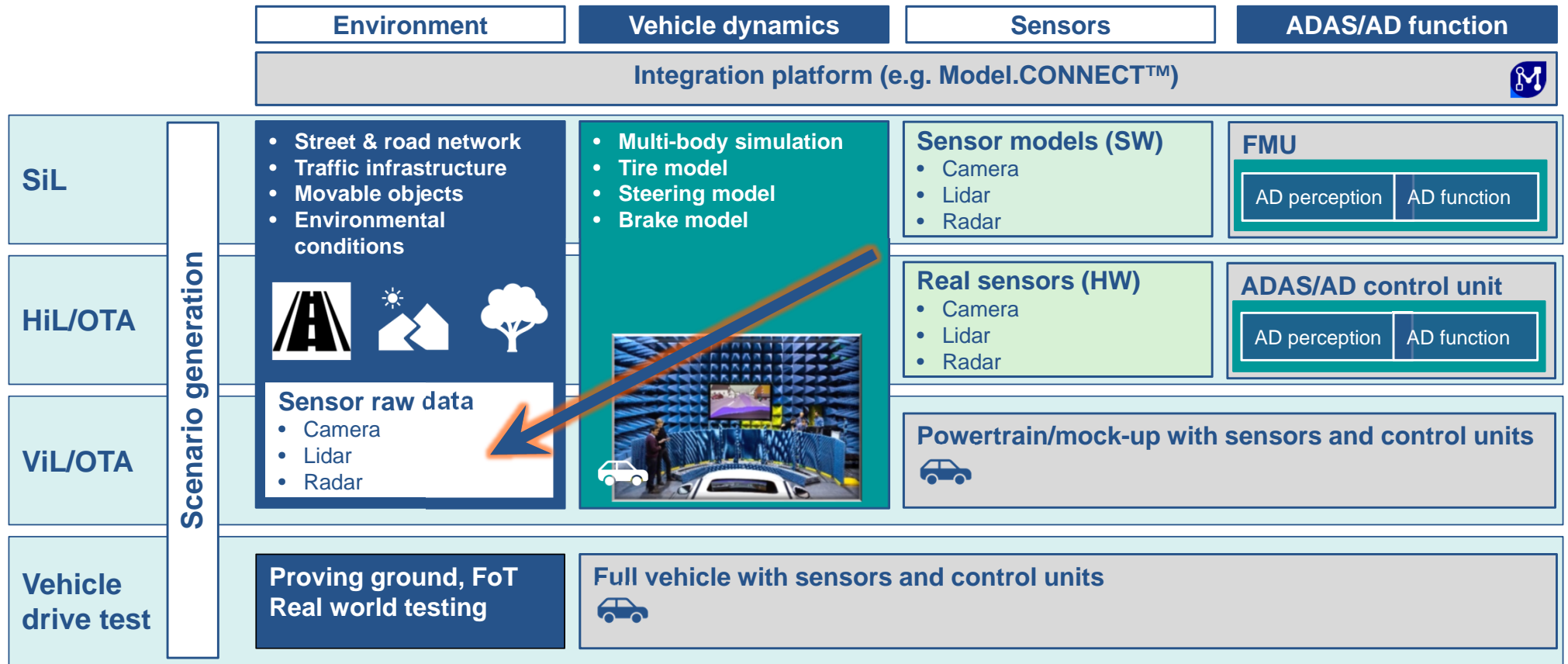
Scenario-based verification & validation



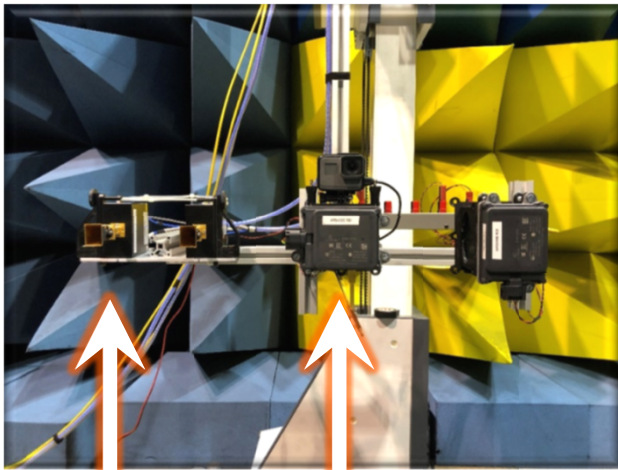
- **Relevant** for testing and standardisation
- **Challenging ODD:** Tunnels, bridges
- **Complex traffic conditions:**
Vehicles, VRU
- **Adverse sensing conditions:**
Lighting and precipitation
- **Modular decomposition:**
Comparability, scalability

Scenarios	Radar	Camera	Lidar
WP2000 Basic scenarios B1. C2P longitudinal adult (CPLA) B2. C2P nearside child (CPNC) B3. C2P turning adult (CPTA) B4. C2C Front turn-across-path (CCFtap) B5. C2B nearside adult obstructed (CBNAO)	1 1 front	1	1
WP3000 Advanced scenarios A1. Obstacle on lane (e.g., lost cargo) A2. Varying appearance of traffic participants A3. Tunnel A4. Bridge A5. Obstacle in field-of-view	7 1 front 2 rear 4 side	5	1

Parameter space of V&V environments



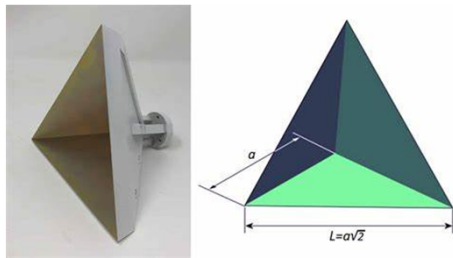
Radar raw data for traffic participants and road objects



- Vector network analyzer with mm-wave horn antennas
- Commercial automotive radar (ARS430)
- Semi-anechoic chamber
- Polarized, calibrated, post-processed, camera-controlled
- Test objects relevant for selected scenarios

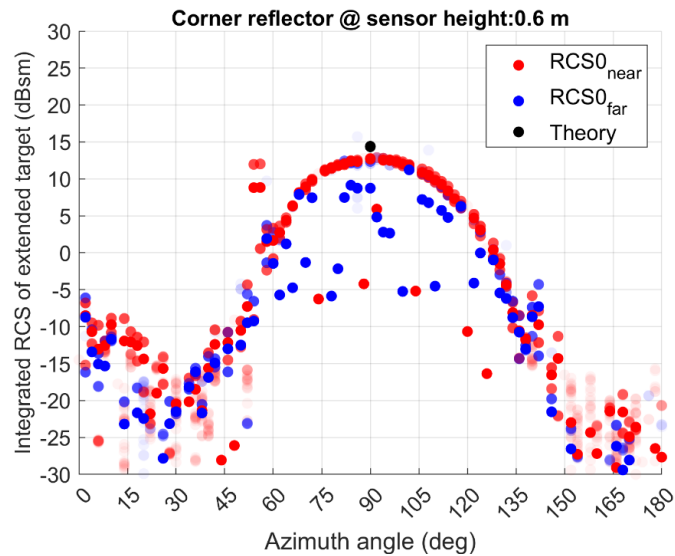
RCS measurement results

- Realistic measurement distance (radiative nearfield)
- Range-gating and direction-gating, RCS integration
- RCS calibration with corner reflector

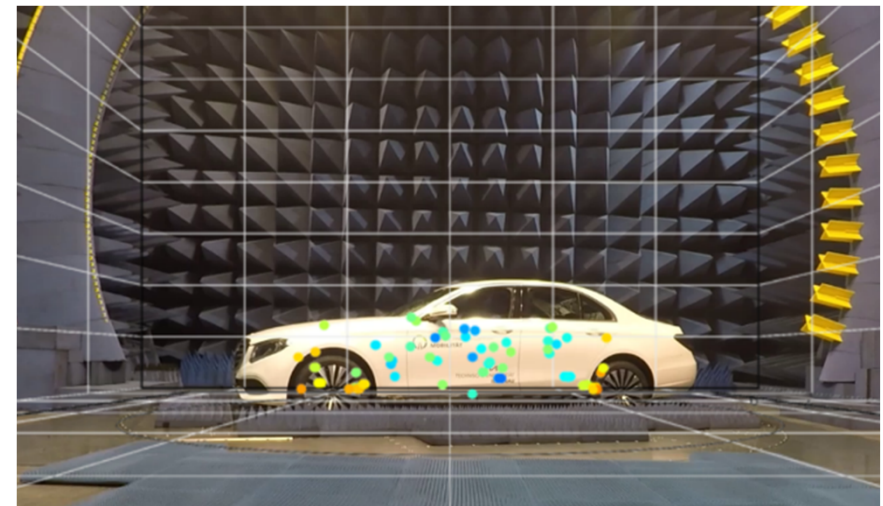


www.miww.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/tri.jpg

$$\sigma = \frac{4}{3} \pi a^2 \cdot \left(\frac{a}{\lambda} \right)^2$$



- Mid-sized passenger cars (different brands)
- Contours and multiple-reflections
- 3D mapping of scattering centers



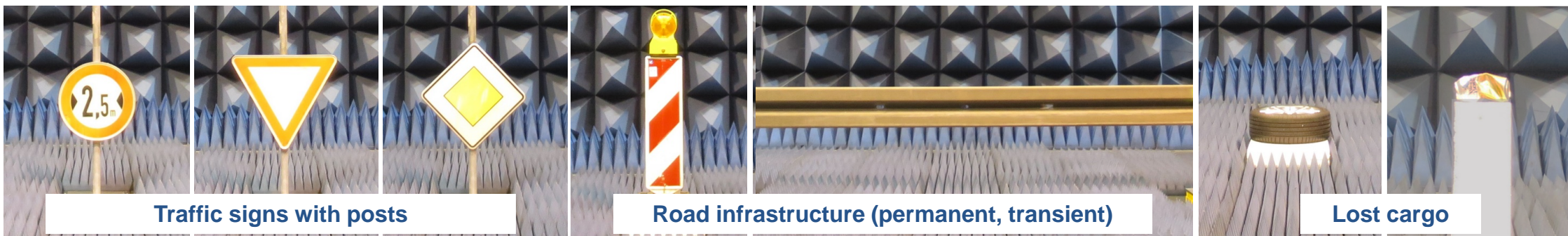
RCS signatures of elementary traffic objects

Measurement technique

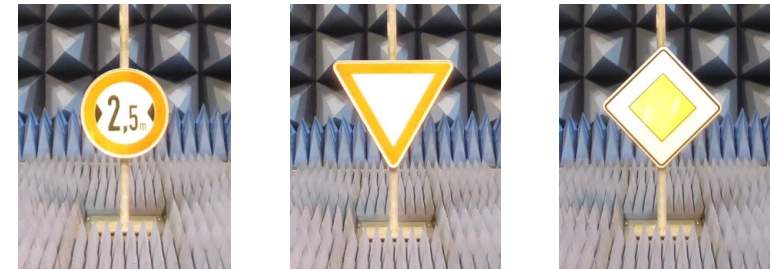
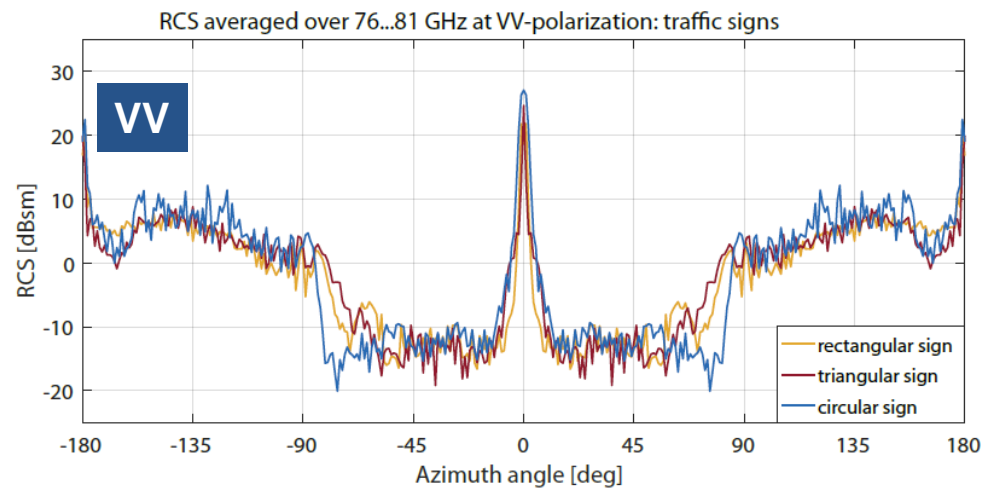
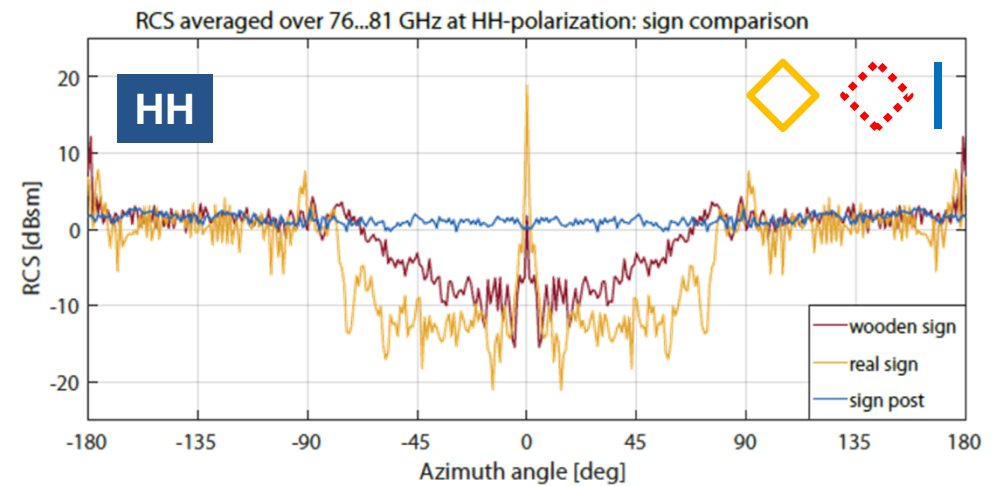
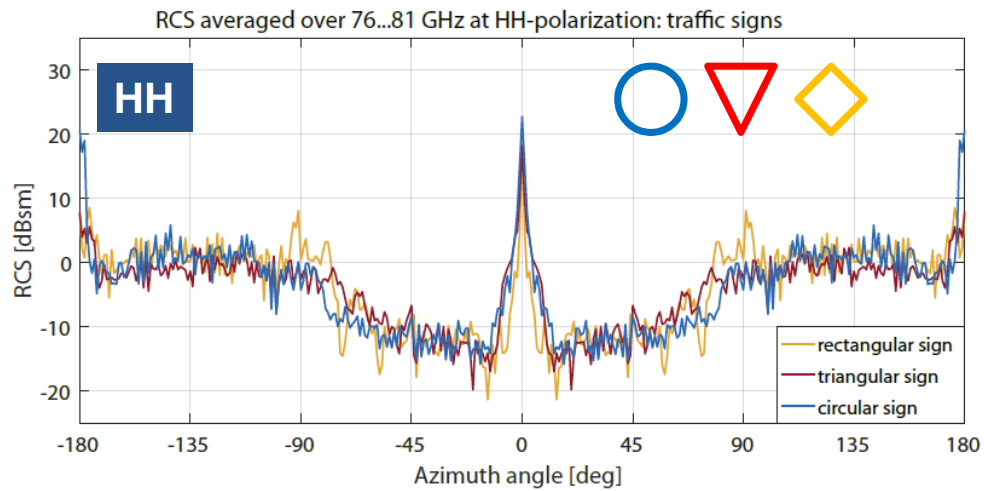
- Frequency $f = 67 \dots 115$ GHz
- Polarization HH and VV
- Horizontal scans, $\varphi = 0 \dots 180^\circ$
- Time domain gating
- Statistical analysis

Measurement objects

- Traffic signs (different shapes and materials)
- Warning beacon
- Guardrail and posts
- Lost cargo: Wheels and cans (intact and crushed, different orientations)

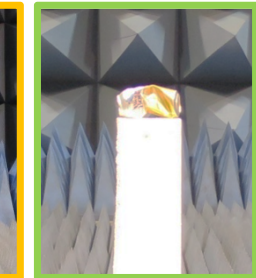
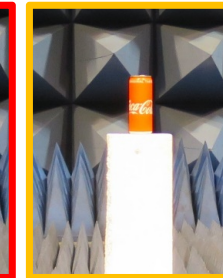
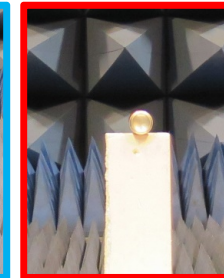
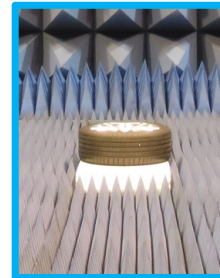
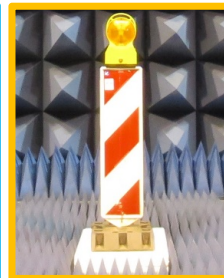
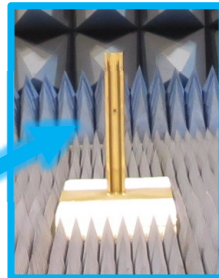
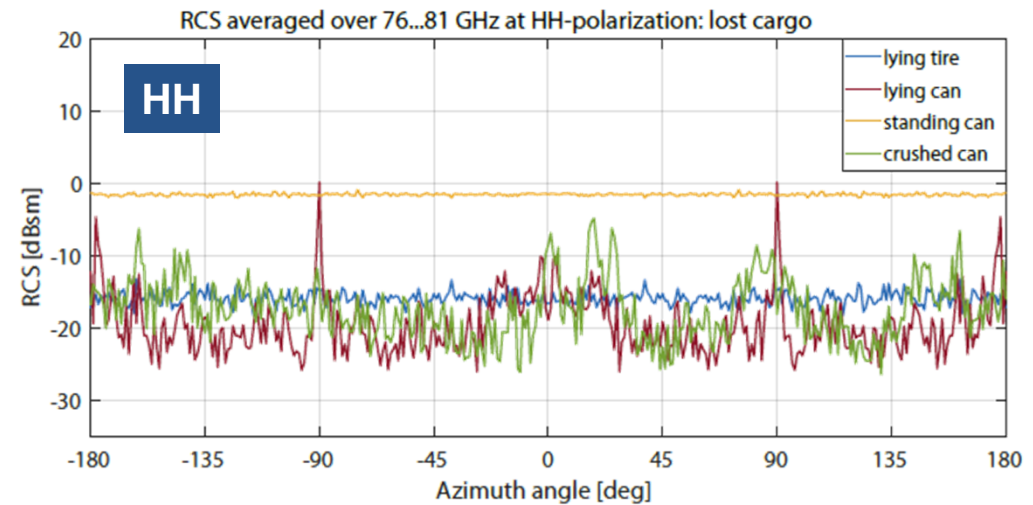
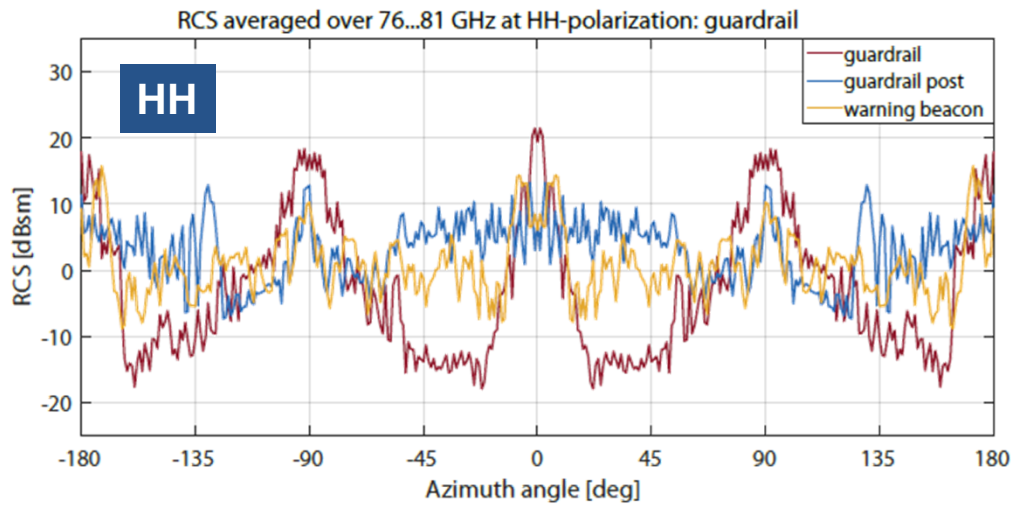


RCS signatures of traffic signs



- Angle-dependent RCS values
- Geometrical structure and aspect ratios
- Material composition

RCS signatures of beacons, guardrails, lost cargo



- Angle-dependent structural details
- Reference data input for sensor and sensor signal models
- Implementation into OTAViL simulation toolchain

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Simulation toolchain for safety assurance with focus on automotive radar

- Scalable approach towards scenario-based virtual V&V of ACD functions
- Open-source standards, models, and interfaces
- Body of measured reference data for sensor modelling
- Derivation of test fidelity metrics ongoing

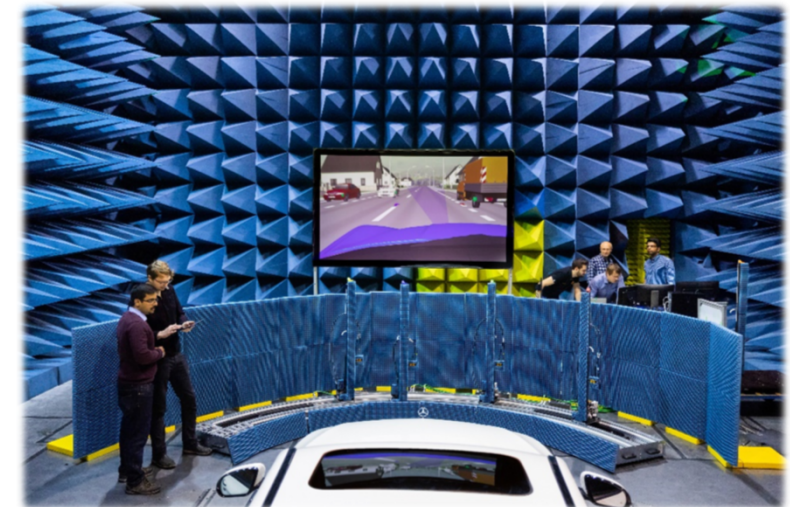
Thank you for your kind attention!



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