

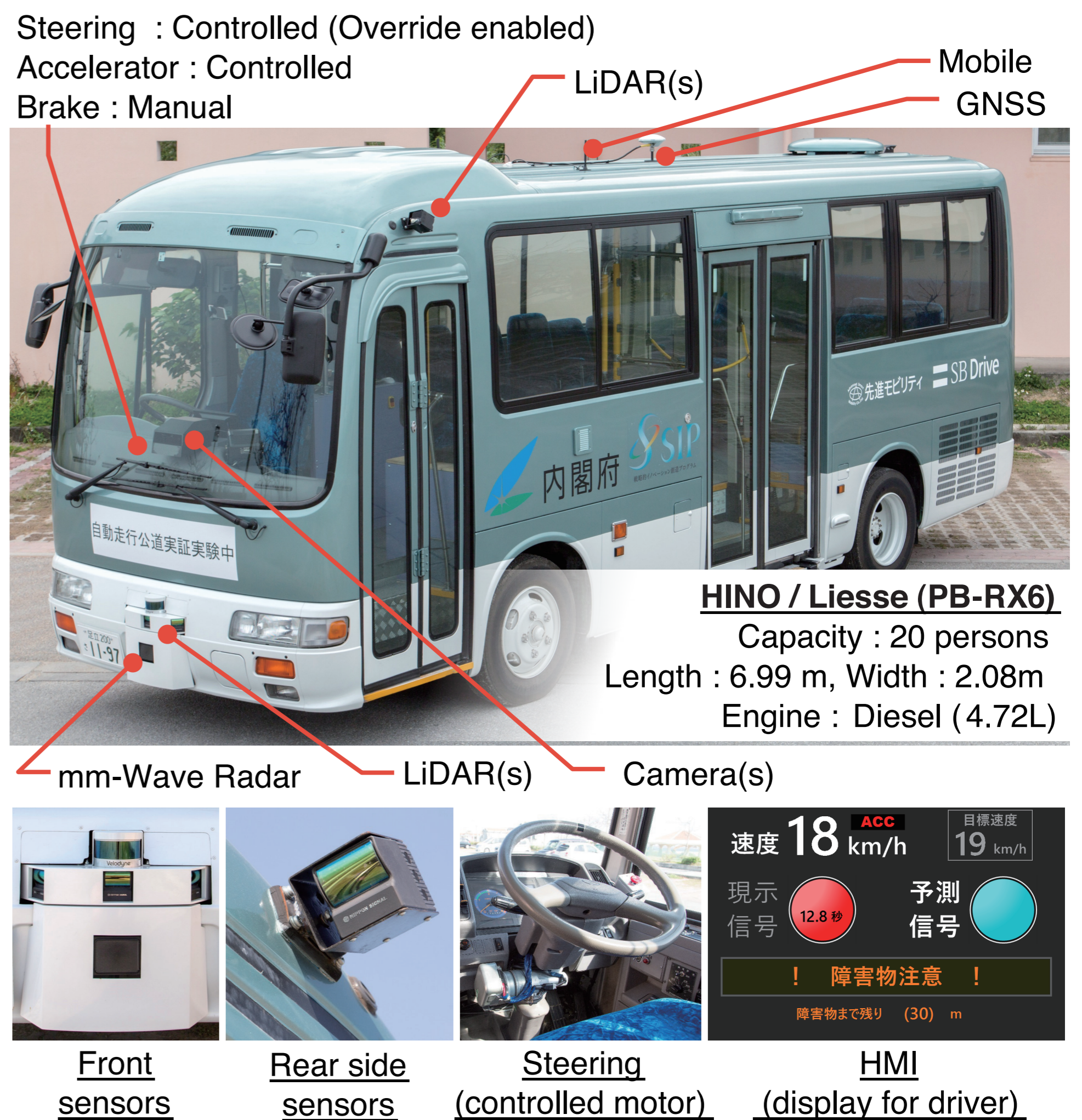


Field Operational Tests

Self-Driving Bus Feasibility experiment in Public Road in Okinawa pref.

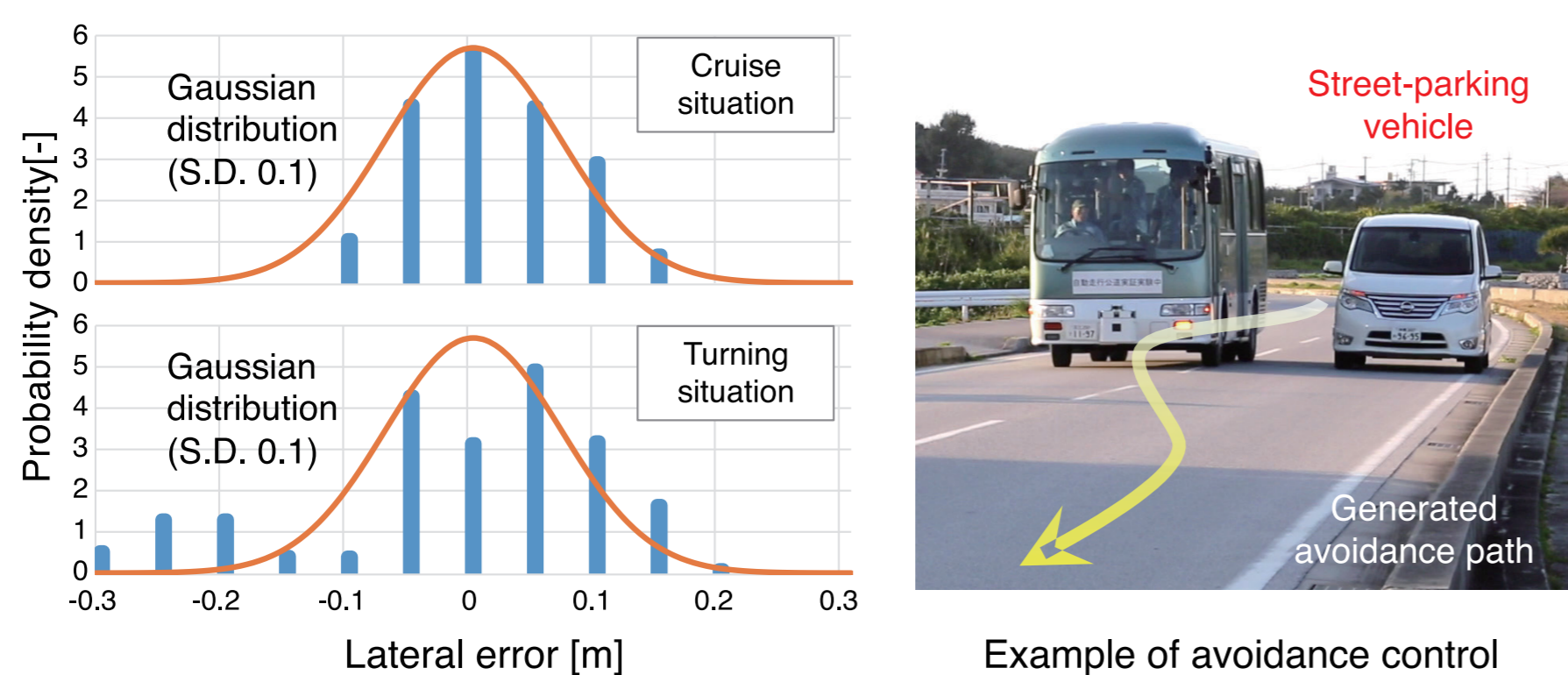
Experiment Conditions and Equipment

		Nanjo City	Ishigaki City
Experiment (in 2017)	Period	Mar. 20 - Apr.2	Jun. 25 - Jul. 7
	Distance (One way, Total)	1.2 km, 84 km	16 km, 1650 km
	Max. velocity	35 km/h	40 km/h
	Road environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Public Low-traffic Bus stop (Straight) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Public High-traffic Intersection Bus stop (bay-type)
	Total passengers	160 (approx.)	370 (approx.)
Steering control	Lane keeping (path referring)	○	○ (with edge stone detection)
	Obstacle avoidance	○	○
	Bus stop arrival	○ (LiDAR)	○ (RTK-GPS)
Velocity control	CC	○	○
	ACC	-	○
	Traffic light consideration	-	○



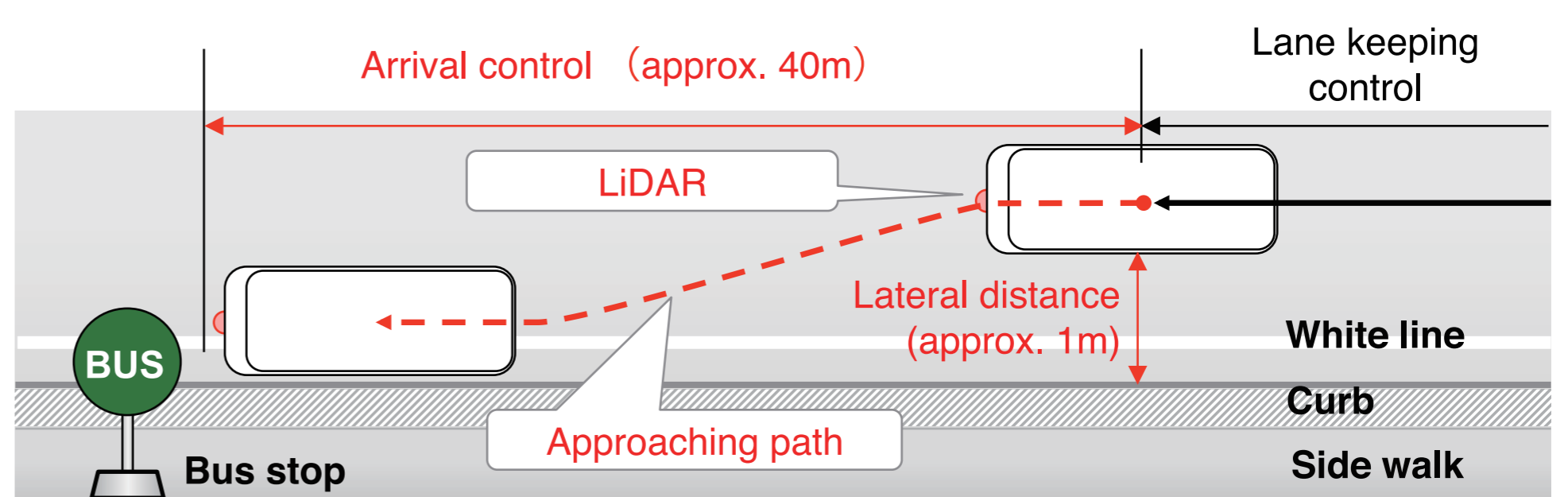
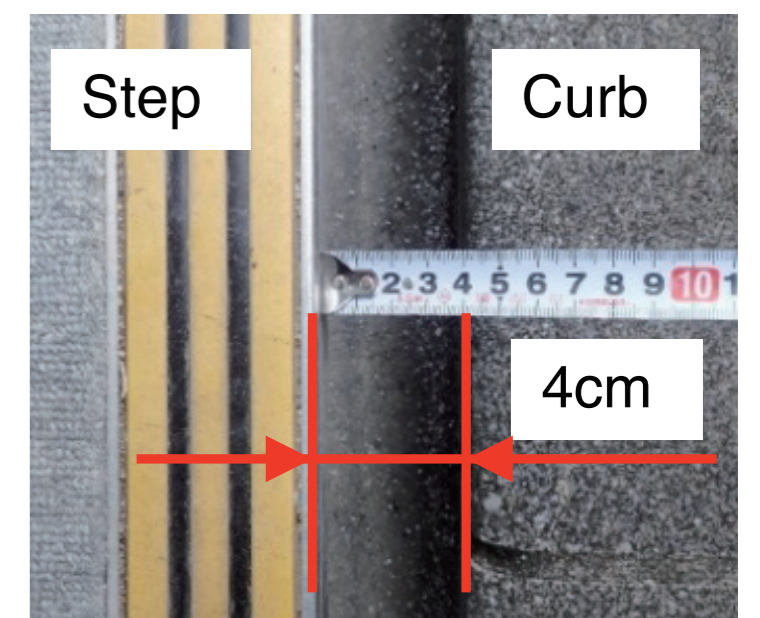
Lane keeping and Obstacle Avoidance

- The accuracy of lane keeping control was evaluated as lateral error (against reference path). The lateral error was within $\pm 0.1m$ (approx.).
- When sensors detect obstacle in own route, the bus can avoid it by control.



Accurate Arrival to Bus stop

- The accuracy of bus stop approach and arrival were verified.
 - The target distance is 4cm.
- Result (Final lateral distance) :
- ✓ average 4.0cm (S.D.±1.47)
 - ✓ maximum 7.2cm (avg. + 3.2)
 - ✓ minimum 1.6cm (avg. -2.4)



Evaluation of Steering Override

- Steering override ratio was evaluated in 4 services that extracted randomly from 108 services.
- The representative override situation were follows.
 - ✓ GNSS signal intensity decreases (unstable steering).
 - ✓ To avoid street-parking vehicle in complex situation.

Steering override ratio* (Total)	Steering over ride ratio* (by using sensor)	
	RTK-GPS	LiDAR(curb detection)
7.4 %	5.6 %	23.1 %

* Ratio in mileage

Social Acceptability Survey

- Questionnaire survey about self-driving bus were carried out to trial passenger.
- Approximately 75% people answer that the running by self-driving is "Secure" or "little secure".

